Guiding Question: What was daily life like for the Plains Indians in the middle of the 1800s?

Document Analysis

Northern Cheyenne Life

Source 1: See-Think-Wonder

Directions: Look closely at the image and then follow the See-Think-Wonder prompts below.



SEE: Look closely at the image. Write down the people and objects you see. List as many details as possible.

THINK: Why and how do you think the Cheyenne may have made each object in the image? What needs might each object have met?

WONDER: What do you *not* understand about what you see in the image? What questions do you have about it?



Source 1: Description and Analysis

Directions: Read the description of the image you observed, and then answer the questions that follow.

Tipis

Tribes who lived on the Great Plains like the Northern Cheyenne used tipis for shelter. Tipis were made of buffalo hides attached to wooden poles, and could be quickly assembled, dismantled, and transported. Usually, the members of one family slept in a single tipi. Tipis and outdoor cooking were the domain of women. Most of the family's work was accomplished outside the tipi, so the Cheyenne could take advantage of natural light and avoid the danger of large fires inside the tipis. Men hunted buffalo, providing hides. Women made the tipis, and were responsible for setting up, taking down, and transporting tipis and their contents.

Questions to Answer

1.	Why was it so	o important	that tipis were	easy to l	build and	transport?	How are	they ar	ı example
of	the Northern	Cheyenne's	s adaptation to	life on th	ne Great I	Plains?			

2.	What do	tipis tell	you about the	importance	of the buffalo in	Northern	Cheyenne s	society?
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3. How did women's labor support the nomadic way of life on the Great Plains?



Source 2: See-Think-Wonder

Directions: Look closely at the image and then follow the See-Think-Wonder prompts below.





SEE: Look closely at the image. Write down the people and objects you see. List as many details as possible.

THINK: Why and how do you think the Cheyenne may have made each object in the image? What needs might each object have met?

WONDER: What do you *not* understand about what you see in the image? What questions do you have about it?



Source 2: Description and Analysis

Directions: Read the description of the image you observed, and then answer the questions that follow.

Travois

Travois (pronounced "truh-VOY") were wooden frames used to drag heavy items over land. The travois poles were the same poles used to assemble tipis. Originally, travois were pulled by women or by pack dogs. By the nineteenth century, travois were pulled by horses, which allowed for longer poles and therefore, larger tipis. While the main component of a travois was wood, buffalo hides were used to line the basket and to attach the pieces of wood to each other.

Photo Credits

Top: "Mrs. Black Horse, Tse-Tsehese-stahase, with dog. No. 26," in the Walter S. Cambell Collection, Western History collections, University of Oklahoma Library. **Bottom**: Library of Congress, Atsina Indian on horse pulling travois; photographed by Edward S. Curtis, 1908.

Questions to Answer

1	. What were travois	used for?	Why were t	hey mor	e important to	the Northern	Cheyenne	once
th	ney migrated to the	Great Plair	ns than they	were p	reviously?			

2. What were the differences between a dog travois and a horse travois?

3. Both of these images show women handling the travois. Why do you think that might be the case?



Source 3: See-Think-Wonder

Directions: Look closely at the image and then follow the See-Think-Wonder prompts below.



SEE: Look closely at the image. Write down as many details as possible.

THINK: Why and how do you think the Cheyenne may have made the object in the image? What need might the object have met?

WONDER: What do you *not* understand about what you see in the image? What questions do you have about it?



Source 3: Description and Analysis

Directions: Read the description of the image you observed, and then answer the questions that follow.

Bladder Bag

In the nineteenth century, the Northern Cheyenne and other tribes on the Great Plains used bags made from the bladders of buffalo to transport various materials, including water. After a buffalo was killed, its bladder was inflated with air and then dried. The bags were then rubbed between the hands to soften them. They held about two liters of liquid.

Source: http://www.kshs.org/p/american-indians-and-the-buffalo/16095

Questions to Answer

1. Which members of Northern Cheyenne society do you think made bladder bags? Why do you think so?

2. Who do you think used bladder bags and in what ways?

3. In what ways was the practice of using bladder bags an adaptation by the Northern Cheyenne to life on the arid Great Plains?



Discussion Questions

1	. What were some of the m	ain characteristics of	of Northern	Cheyenne lif	fe on the	Great I	Plains in
tł	he nineteenth century?						

2. What tools, technologies, and strategies did the Northern Cheyenne develop to live a nomadic lifestyle on the Great Plains?

3. What specific activities did men and women do in this nomadic, hunting-based way of life?

